RFC: Setting File Access Property List for accessing External Links

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1. Purpose

When an external linked target (child) file is accessed, the HDF5 library uses the same file access property list as the main (parent) file to open the target file. The current implementation has two problems:

- 1. The library may fail to open the target file if the driver associated with the parent's file access property list is different from that of the target. For example, a *sec2* parent file versus a *family* target file.
- 2. The library does not provide the user with the flexibility of specifying a driver to use in opening the target file.

The first problem is filed as bug #1292 and will be addressed at a later time.

This document addresses the second problem which is filed as bug #1247. Two new public routines are added to the link access property so that the user can associate the file access property list identifier for the link access. The existing API for *File Access Properties* can be used in setting the appropriate driver for the target file.

There is no compatibility issue involved for adding these two public routines.

2. Modifications

1. The two new public routines for link access are:

```
hid_t
H5Pget elink fapl (hid t lapl id)
```

This routine returns the file access property list identifier that is set for the link access property list identifier, *lapl_id*. When no such identifier is set, this routine returns H5P_DEFAULT.

```
herr_t
H5Pset_elink_fapl (hid_t lapl_id, hid_t fapl_id)
```

This routine sets the file access property list identifier, $fapl_id$, to use when the target link associated with $lapl_id$ is accessed. Please note that the setting is transient in nature.

2. Changes to internal routine *H5L extern traverse()*

This routine originally uses the parent's file access property list to open the target file. Changes are made to this routine to get the file access property list identifier that is set for the link access via <code>H5Pget_elink_fapl</code> (). If <code>H5P_DEFAULT</code> is returned, the same processing as before is done to retrieve the parent's file access property list identifier which is then used to open the target file. Otherwise, the file access property list identifier returned by <code>H5Pget_elink_fapl</code> () is used to open the target file.

3. Documentation changes

- Add description for *H5Pget_elink_fapl()* and *H5Pset_elink_fapl()* to the *Link Access Properties* group of the Property List Interface section in the reference manual.
- Add description about the *opening* behavior of the target file to *H5Lcreate_external()* in the Link Interface section of the reference manual. Also add clarification about the parameter *lapl_id*, which holds properties used for traversal to the place where the link is to be created.

3. Use case

A user creates an external link from the main file to the target file. The main and target files might be of different file types. The user can set the file driver to use for the target file in the file access property list identifier. This identifier is then associated with the access property list via H5Pset_elink_fapl(). When the external link is accessed, the library retrieves the file access property list associated with the link access via H5Pget elink fapl() and opens the target file with the specified driver.

Simplified code sample:

```
/* create the main file */
mfid = H5Fcreate("main", H5F_ACC_TRUNC, H5P_DEFAULT, H5P_DEFAULT);

/* create file access property for the target file to be a "family" file */
/* this can be other file types e.g. split, core, direct, multi, ... etc. */
new_fapl_id = H5Pcreate(H5P_FILE_ACCESS);
H5Pset_fapl_family(new_fapl_id, FAMILY_SIZE, H5P_DEFAULT);

/* create the target file to be a "family" file */
tfid = H5Fcreate("target", H5F_ACC_TRUNC, H5P_DEFAULT, new_fapl_id);
gid = H5Gcreate2(tfid, "A", H5P_DEFAULT, H5P_DEFAULT, H5P_DEFAULT);

/* create external link from the main file to the target file */
H5Lcreate_external("target", "/A", mfid, "ext_link", H5P_DEFAULT, H5P_DEFAULT);

/* set file access property list for link access to use the family driver */
lapl_id = H5Pcreate(H5P_LINK_ACCESS);
H5Pset_elink fapl(lapl_id, new_fapl_id);
```

```
/* open the target link */
oid = H5Oopen(mfid, "ext link", lapl id);
```

4. Testing

• Add test to *links.c* to verify that the external linked target file with physical layout different from the parent can be successfully opened. This test is repeated for *multi* file.

Create the main file (parent) file
Create the target (child) file to be a family file
Create external link from the main file to the target file and group via H5Lcreate_external()
Set the file access property list, fapl, to use the family driver via H5Pset_fapl_family ()
Set the file access property list for the link access to fapl via H5Pset_link_fapl()
Open the target linked group
Should succeed in opening the target link

• Add test to *links.c* to verify that processing done to the external linked target object is correctly handled when the parent and target files have the same physical layout but different access methods (i.e. drivers). This test is repeated for *stdio*, *direct* and *log* files with the appropriate processing.

Create the main file (parent) file

Create the target (child) file to be a *core* file, consisting of one dataset with late storage allocation Get file size of the target file

Create external link from the main file to the target file and dataset via *H5Lcreate external()*

Set the file access property list, fapl, to use the core driver via H5Pset_fapl_core() without backing store

Set the file access property list for the link access to fapl via H5Pset link fapl()

Open the target linked dataset

Write data to the dataset

Close the dataset

Close the file

Verify that file size of the target file is the same as before

5. Limitations

The new public routine *H5Pset_elink_fapl()* only sets the file access property list identifier to use for one target link access. When there are external links across multiple files which are of different file types, the following example illustrates how this new routine can be used to correctly open the target files:

```
/* create target file 1 to be a "core" file */
/* target1: /C/D/Dataset */
core_fapl = H5Pcreate(H5P_FILE_ACCESS);
H5Pset_fapl_core(core_fapl, CORE_INCREMENT, TRUE);
tfid1 = H5Fcreate("target1", H5F_ACC_TRUNC, H5P_DEFAULT, core_fapl);
```

```
gid1 = H5Gcreate2(tfid1, "C", H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
gid2 = H5Gcreate2(gid1, "D", H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
dcpl = H5Pcreate(H5P DATASET CREATE)) < 0);
H5Pset alloc time(dcpl, H5D ALLOC TIME LATE) < 0);
dset = H5Dcreate2(gid2, "Dataset", H5T NATIVE INT, space, H5P DEFAULT, dcpl,
       H5P DEFAULT);
H5Dclose(dset);
H5Gclose(gid2);
H5Gclose(gid1);
H5Fclose(fid);
filesize = h5 get file size(filename1);
/* Create target file 2 to be a "family" file */
/* target2: /A/B/ext1 → target1:/C/D/Dataset */
fam fapl = H5Pcreate(H5P FILE ACCESS);
H5Pset fapl family(fam fapl, FAMILY SIZE, H5P DEFAULT);
tfid2=H5Fcreate(filename2, H5F ACC TRUNC, H5P DEFAULT, fam fap);
                        "A", H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT,
                                                                     H5P DEFAULT);
gid1=H5Gcreate2(tfid2.
gid2=H5Gcreate2(gid1, "B", H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
H5Lcreate external("target1", "/C/D/Dataset", gid2, "ext1", H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
H5Gclose(gid2);
H5Gclose(gid1);
H5Fclose(fid);
/* create the main file */
/* main file:/ext2 → target2:/A/B */
mfid = H5Fcreate("main", H5F ACC TRUNC, H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
H5Lcreate external("target2", "/A/B", mfid, "ext2", H5P DEFAULT, H5P DEFAULT);
/* Set group access property list for link access to use the family driver */
gapl id = H5Pcreate(H5P GROUP ACCESS);
H5Pset link fapl(gapl id, fam fapl);
gid = H5Gopen2(fid, "ext2", gapl id);
/* Set dataset access property list for link access to use the core driver without backing store */
dapl id = H5Pcreate(H5P DATASET ACCESS);
H5Pset fapl core(core fapl, (size t)CORE INCREMENT, FALSE);
H5Pset link fapl(dapl id, core fapl);
did = H5Dopen2(gid, "ext1", dapl id);
H5Dwrite(did, H5T_NATIVE_INT, H5S_ALL, H5S_ALL, H5P_DEFAULT, points);
H5Dclose(did)
H5Gclose(gid)
H5Fclose(fid)
/* verify that the file size for target1 is the same as before */
```

6. Future enhancement

The Link Interface allows powerful manipulation of links in HDF5. A user guide on this topic may provide users with effective usage of this API.